Throughout the world lots of people are fleeing their country. Give 3 reasons why people are on the run.

A person who is leaving his/her country to reside somewhere else for a long period of time, is called a ...

A. migrant
B. asylum seeker
C. Refugee

Throughout the world lots of people are on the run. How many people are?

A. approximately 50 million people
B. approximately 65 million people
C. approximately 80 million people
War, terror, poverty, hunger, persecution based on race, nationality, political or religious beliefs and sexuality. For climate change, inequality... 

B. approximately 65 million people

A. migrant
55% of all refugees in the world come from only three countries. Which countries?

A. Syria, Afghanistan en Somalia
B. Syria, Afghanistan en South-Sudan
C. Syria, Somalia en South-Sudan

During the refugee crisis one European leader said: “We can handle this!” Which EU country is he/she from?

A. In the United Kingdom refugees can receive a residence permit very easily.
B. In the United Kingdom you can find work without any papers.
C. In the United Kingdom refugees immediately get a house
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Germany</th>
<th>YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B. In the United Kingdom, you can find work without any papers</td>
<td>B. Syria, Afghanistan, and South Sudan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
You have paid a human trafficker to take you to Europe. But he did not show up at the agreed upon date, so you have lost €500.

**QUESTION 7**

You heard your neighbour has arrived in Germany and became doctor. He also has a Ferrari. He left home a year ago without a visa. How did your neighbour **NOT** go to Europe?

A. By boat
B. By foot
C. By plane

**QUESTION 8**

True or false?
People who are on the run from climate change, poverty or economic inequality can be recognised as a (war) refugee in the European Union

**END LEVEL 1**

In the end everyone was able to leave their home country. Everybody can move on to level 2.
C. by plane

YOU CANNOT LEAVE AND THEREFORE YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE.

FALSE:

A person can only be recognised as a refugee when he/she is on the run from persecution based on race, nationality, political or religious beliefs or sexuality. A person can be recognised as a war refugee when he/she is on the run from war, terror, torture, death penalty or execution.
ON THE RUN

LEVEL 2

You cannot enter the European Union so easily: its outside borders are heavily guarded. Which organisation is responsible for guarding the EU’s outside borders?

A. Fortis
B. Fortex
C. Frontex

FATE

LEVEL 2

Your cousin has run into your neighbour in a German refugee camp. Contrary to what you heard, your neighbour is not working as a doctor, nor does he ride a Ferrari. He does not even own a car. Since his arrival in Germany, he has been staying in a refugee camp. You realise that is not so easy to build a normal life as a refugee in Europe after all

QUESTION 2

Throughout the world lots of people are on the run. What percentage of all refugees is coming to Europe?

A. 17%
B. 45%
C. 82%
YOU FEEL BETRAYED BY YOUR NEIGHBOUR. YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE.
QUESTION 3

Why do people on the run undergo such a dangerous journey toward Europe instead of simply travelling by plane? Which of the following explanations is WRONG?

A. They do not have a visa
B. The airline companies do not want to be held responsible for them
C. Out of ecological considerations

QUESTION 4

What percentage of all refugees worldwide comes from Syria?

A. 10%
B. 20%
C. 30%

QUESTION 5

Which route was used the most from the start of the refugee crisis until April 2016?

A. Western Mediterranean Sea route (Morocco – Spain)
B. Central Mediterranean Sea route (Libya – Italy)
C. Eastern Mediterranean Sea route (Turkey – Greece)

QUESTION 6

Which EU country received the most asylum requests per million inhabitants in 2016?

A. Germany
B. Belgium
C. Austria
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. 10%</th>
<th>B. Out of ecological considerations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. Austria</td>
<td>C. Eastern Mediterranean Sea route (Turkey—Greece)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
QUESTION 7

Which EU country received the most asylum requests in 2017?

A. Germany  
B. Hungary  
C. Austria

FATE

In Libya refugees are often locked up and abused for no reason. The UN has called on Libya to release all vulnerable refugees immediately.

QUESTION 8

True or false?

In the EU there are no refugee camps

FATE

You are travelling to Europe by boat and already see the European continent ahead. But, because there are too many people in the boat, it sinks. You are lucky. Your life jacket turns out to work. Many other people’s jackets do not.
ARE YOU A WOMAN, TRAVELLING WITH YOUR FAMILY OR ARE YOU A MINOR REFUGEE? THEN YOU CAN ROLL THE DICE.

A. Germany

YOU CAN TAKE ANOTHER CARD

FALSE
There are several refugee camps in the EU. For example, these are formed at closed borders
You have been floating in the water for a while when suddenly a rescue boat arrives. A ship of the European mission ‘Operation Sophia’ was nearby and can save you. The ship brings you back to shore in Europe safely.

You have bought a ticket for a bus to Germany from a human trafficker. On the bus you notice your ticket is fake. You are arrested by the police.

Lot of refugees die on the Mediterranean Sea in an attempt to reach Europe. How many people have died at sea in 2017?

A. more than 1,000 people
B. more than 2,500 people
C. More than 5,000 people

After wandering around for some time, you arrive at a refugee camp in Turkey. In there you learn that a number of Syrians can be transferred to the European Union.
C. more than 5,000 people

YOU CAN IMMEDIATELY GO TO LEVEL 3.

ARE YOU SYRIAN? THEN YOU MAY ROLL THE DICE

YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE.
QUESTION 10

Which country in the world hosts the most refugees?

A. Turkey
B. Lebanon
C. Germany

LEVEL 2

QUESTION 11

What does the term ‘transmigrant’ mean?

A. Someone who migrates from country A (e.g. Syria) to country B (e.g. Belgium).
B. Someone who migrates from country A (e.g. Syria) to country B (e.g. Greece), but afterwards travels on to country C (e.g. Slovenia) or even further to country D (e.g. Germany).
C. Someone who arrives in the European continent via the Mediterranean Sea

LEVEL 2

End level 2

Everyone has found a way to Europe. All players can move on to level 3.

LEVEL 2
B. Someone who migrates from country A (e.g. Syria) to country B (e.g. Greece), but afterwards travels on to country C (e.g. Slovenia) of even further to country D (e.g. Germany).

A. Turkey
SOMEWHERE IN EUROPE

LEVEL 3

QUESTION 1
When someone arrives in the EU, he/she has to register in the Eurodac system. Registering entails fingerprinting. Every person on the run has to leave a fingerprint of every finger on one hand. Why?

A. Because every finger has a unique fingerprint.
B. Because some refugees no longer have all fingers (due to torture) and they need at least one fingerprint.
C. Because this way the EU has got more information and can track people more easily.

LEVEL 3

QUESTION 2
Through family in Europe you receive word that if you want to request asylum in the EU, you have to take the Dublin regulations into account. What does this mean?

A. When someone arrives in the EU, he/she can chose in which country he/she registers.
B. Chances of recognition as a refugee are highest in the Irish capital Dublin.
C. A refugee who wants to request asylum, can only do so in the first EU country of arrival

LEVEL 3

QUESTION 3
In which EU country did an asylum seeker have the highest chance of recognition in 2016?

A. Germany
B. Slovakia
C. Belgium

LEVEL 3
B. Because some refugees no longer have all fingers (due to torture) and they need at least one fingerprint.

C. A refugee who wants to request asylum, can only do so in the first EU country of arrival
150 countries in the world have signed the refugee treaty in the Geneva Conventions. These countries are obligated to offer protection to people on the run. In the original version of the treaty the protection only applied to European refugees. Throughout the years, this treaty was expanded to also cover refugees worldwide. Which country, currently hosting a lot of refugees, signed the original version but not the expansions?

A. Jordan  
B. Turkey  
C. Palestine

You have travelled through Greece to the Macedonian border. At the border, border patrols are trying to stop refugees with water cannons and tear gas. You can outsmart them and cross the border.

Italy and Greece are usually the first EU countries where refugees enter the EU. The pressure is a lot of pressure on these countries. That is why other EU countries should help Italy and Greece. The can do this by participating in the resettlement plan.
ARE YOU A SYRIAN, ERITREAN OR IRAQI? THEN YOU WILL BE RESETTLED IN ANOTHER EU COUNTRY THANKS TO THE RESETTLEMENT PLAN. YOU MAY THROW THE DICE.

B. Turkey (Jordan did not sign the treaty, Palestine only did so in 2014)

YOU MAY ROLL THE DICE

A. Bulgaria
QUESTION 6

Only people from certain nationalities are eligible for the EU resettlement plan. Which nationalities?

A. Syrian, Eritrean or Iraqi
B. Syrian, Iraqi, South Sudanese
C. Syrian, Afghan, South Sudanese

LEVEL 3

QUESTION 7

The recognition rate as a refugee is different in each EU country. Slovakia has the highest recognition rate. How high is it?

A. 62%
B. 72%
C. 82%

LEVEL 3

FATE

You try to reach Hungary via Croatia. But Hungary has closed her borders. You stand in front of a fence and cannot go further. You may not roll the dice.

LEVEL 3

QUESTION 8

Somebody who has requested asylum in an EU country immediately has the right to a number of basic facilities. Which ones?

A. Bed, bath, bread
B. Bed, bath, bread + social welfare
C. Bed, bath, bread + social welfare + child support

LEVEL 3
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE.</th>
<th>A. Syrian, Eritrean of Iraqi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Bed, bath, bread</td>
<td>C. 82%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
You arrive in Greece, but there you find out that the European Union has made a ‘deal’ with Turkey and that Syrian refugees are taken to Turkish refugee camps. Go back to level 2.

LEVEL 3

FATE

Migrants coming from Iraq who have requested asylum in Belgium receive a letter encouraging them to return to Iraq voluntarily.

LEVEL 3

FATE

From Southern Europe you were able to travel to Slovenia illegally. You want to travel even further to Germany because your chances of recognition are higher there. How many borders will you have to cross at least if you want to travel from Slovenia to Germany? You can use the game board as an aid.

A. 1
B. 2
C. 4

LEVEL 3

QUESTION 9

You have all arrived in Europe and are travelling towards your end destination. Take turns rolling the dice. If you roll a 4, you may move on to level 4.

LEVEL 3

END LEVEL 3
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RETURN TO LEVEL 2. YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE.</th>
<th>IF YOU ARE IRAQI, YOU MAY NOT ROLL THE DICE. IF YOU HAVE A DIFFERENT NATIONALITY, THEN YOU MAY ROLL THE DICE.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
QUESTION 1

How long does it take to process an asylum request in the EU?

A. About half a year
B. About a year
C. This depends on the member state you request asylum.

QUESTION 2

True or false:
During the processing of an asylum request, the asylum seeker is already allowed to look for work and take integration or language courses.

QUESTION 3

Since 1999 the EU disposes of a (limited) common European asylum policy. Which of the reasons below is NOT important for developing it?

A. There was a need for more solidarity and responsibility between the EU member states.
B. The member states were already cooperation well on asylum, but this cooperation needed to be legally recorded.
C. There were no minimum norms for hosting refugees yet.
C. This depends on the member state you request asylum.

B. The member states were already cooperating well on asylum, but this cooperation needed to be legally recorded.

False: asylum seekers first have to await the result of their request (recognition or not) before they can start the integration process.